

Company registration number: 271412

**West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)**

Financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2023

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

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West Limerick Independent Living CLG
Company limited by guarantee

Directors and other information

Directors	Ms. Pamela Hogan Wallace (appointed 26 September 2023) Mr. John Creedon Mr. Brendan Dunne (appointed 20 October 2023) Mr. Ben Lenihan Mr. John Killowry
Secretary	Mr. Gerard O'Connor
Company number	271412
Charity number	20037192
Charity tax exemption number	CHY 12592
Registered office	Unit 6 Newcastle West Enterprise Centre Newcastle West Co. Limerick
Business address	Unit 6 Newcastle West Enterprise Centre Newcastle West Co. Limerick.
Auditor	F.D.C. and Associates Limited Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors The Clock House Mallow Co. Cork
Bankers	Bank of Ireland The Square Newcastle West Co. Limerick

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
Company limited by guarantee

Directors and other information (continued)

Solicitors

Culhane, Judge & Co.
Solicitors
The Square
Newcastle West
Co. Limerick

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Directors report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

Directors

The names of the persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company are as follows:

Ms. Pamela Hogan Wallace (appointed 26 September 2023)

Mr. John Creedon

Mr. Brendan Dunne (appointed 20 October 2023)

Mr. Ben Lenihan

Mr. John Killowry

The directorships are all voluntary and none of the directors receive any remuneration for their time given.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are the operation of a charitable organisation that enables people with disabilities to participate in positive action to achieve full civil rights within the community in accordance with Section 3 of the Charities Act 2009.

Assets and liabilities and financial position

The deficit for the year ended 31 December 2023 is (€27,318). (31 December 2022 surplus €75,984). The net asset position of the company at 31 December 2023 is €1,245,140. (31 December 2022 €1,272,458). This is in line with directors expectations.

Principal risks and uncertainties

In common with similar companies operating in this sector, the company depends on HSE funding in order to continue with its activities. The HSE has committed itself to continue funding this organisation up to 31st December 2024. The directors are optimistic that the company will retain its current level of funding for the foreseeable future. The company strives to manage this risk by continuing to provide suitable trained personnel to carry out the role of personal assistants.

Likely future developments

The directors do not expect to make any significant changes in the nature of the business in the near future.

Dividends

As West Limerick Independent Living is a Company Limited by Guarantee no dividends are payable.

Events after the end of the reporting period

There has been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

Research and development

The company did not engage in any research and development during the year.

Directors and secretary and their interests

The present directors and secretary are listed on the "Directors and information" page.

In accordance with the constitution Ben Lenihan will be retiring from the board by rotation and will be offering himself for re-election.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Directors report (continued)

Accounting records

The measures taken by the directors to secure compliance with the requirements of sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the financial function. The accounting records of the company are located at Unit 6, Newcastle West Enterprise Centre, Newcastle West, Co. Limerick.

Relevant audit information

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved in accordance with section 332 of Companies Act 2014:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware, and
- each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.


Auditors

In accordance with Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014, the auditors, F.D.C. and Associates Limited, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 25 July 2024 and signed on behalf of the board by:



Mr. John Killowry
Director



Mr. Ben Lenihan
Director

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Directors responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of
West Limerick Independent Living CLG**

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of West Limerick Independent Living CLG (the 'company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2023 and of its loss for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note 15 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

In forming our opinion, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 3 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on it continuing to receive grant in aid from the HSE. Should this funding not continue, the company would not be able to continue its operations. As disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements, there exists a material uncertainty which may cause significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was not able to continue as a going concern.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of
West Limerick Independent Living CLG (continued)**

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

**Independent auditor's report to the members of
West Limerick Independent Living CLG (continued)**

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Hehir
For and on behalf of
F.D.C. and Associates Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors
The Clock House
Mallow
Co. Cork

26 July 2024

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Income and expenditure account
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		€	€
Income	5	1,200	1,200
Total income		<u>1,200</u>	<u>1,200</u>
Administrative expenses		(1,910,642)	(1,727,726)
Other operating income		1,882,124	1,802,510
Operating (loss)/profit		<u>(27,318)</u>	<u>75,984</u>
Excess of expenditure over income before taxation		<u>(27,318)</u>	<u>75,984</u>
Tax on excess of expenditure over income		-	-
Excess of expenditure over income for the financial year		<u><u>(27,318)</u></u>	<u><u>75,984</u></u>

The company has no other recognised items of income and expenses other than the results for the financial year as set out above.

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Statement of income and retained earnings
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

	2023	2022
	€	€
Excess of expenditure over income for the financial year	(27,318)	75,984
Retained earnings at the start of the financial year	1,272,458	1,196,474
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	<u>1,245,140</u>	<u>1,272,458</u>

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Balance sheet
As at 31 December 2023

		2023		2022	
	Note	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8	479,354		470,285	
Financial assets	9	400,000		400,000	
			879,354		870,285
Current assets					
Debtors	10	119,920		217,727	
Cash at bank and in hand		365,681		328,023	
		485,601		545,750	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(97,415)		(120,377)	
Net current assets			388,186		425,373
Total assets less current liabilities			1,267,540		1,295,658
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(22,400)		(23,200)
Net assets			1,245,140		1,272,458
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account			1,245,140		1,272,458
Members funds			1,245,140		1,272,458

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Balance sheet (continued)
As at 31 December 2023

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 25 July 2024 and signed on behalf of the board by:



Mr. John Killowry
Director



Mr. Ben Lenihan
Director

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Notes to the financial statements
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Unit 6, Newcastle West Enterprise Centre, Newcastle West, Co. Limerick.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

In common with similar companies operating in this sector, the company is dependent on funding from the HSE for its continued operation. The Directors are confident that the HSE will continue to provide funding for the foreseeable future and consequently the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. Should the Health Services Executive not continue to provide funding in the future then this basis may not be appropriate.

Income

Income represents the total income during the year.

Taxation

The company is tax exempt as it has charitable status (CHY 12592).

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property	- 2%
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 20%
Motor vehicles	- 25%

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Limited by guarantee

The company is one Limited by Guarantee and not having a share capital. In accordance with the Memorandum of Association, in the event of the company being wound up, each member's liability is limited to €1.27.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

5. Income

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company which is wholly undertaken in Ireland.

6. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 86 (2022: 80).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2023	2022
	€	€
Wages and salaries	1,440,674	1,353,509
Manager's salary	51,251	45,067
Social insurance costs	141,905	140,946
Other retirement benefit costs	15,577	14,012
	1,649,407	1,553,534
	1,649,407	1,553,534

7. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2023	2022
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	1,272,458	1,196,474
Excess of expenditure over income for the financial year	(27,318)	75,984
At the end of the financial year	1,245,140	1,272,458
	1,245,140	1,272,458

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

8. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€
Cost				
At 1 January 2023	533,513	36,395	77,802	647,710
Additions	-	29,513	-	29,513
At 31 December 2023	<u>533,513</u>	<u>65,908</u>	<u>77,802</u>	<u>677,223</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2023	71,888	27,735	77,802	177,425
Charge for the financial year	10,671	9,773	-	20,444
At 31 December 2023	<u>82,559</u>	<u>37,508</u>	<u>77,802</u>	<u>197,869</u>
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2023	<u>450,954</u>	<u>28,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>479,354</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u>461,625</u>	<u>8,660</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>470,285</u>

9. Financial assets

	Other investments other than loans	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	<u>400,000</u>	<u>400,000</u>
Provision for diminution in value		
At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2023	<u>400,000</u>	<u>400,000</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u>400,000</u>	<u>400,000</u>

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

10. Debtors

	2023	2022
	€	€
Other debtors	7,079	960
Prepayments	47,717	54,688
Accrued income	65,124	162,079
	119,920	217,727

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	€	€
Trade creditors	1,739	18,969
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	27,732	28,779
Accruals	6,385	11,070
Deferred income	61,559	61,559
	97,415	120,377

Bank of Ireland have agreed a contingency facility with the company in the amount of €20,000 to honour the payment of wages cycle should the need arise.

12. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2023	2022
	€	€
Government grants	22,400	23,200

13. Government grants

The amounts recognised in the financial statements for government grants are as follows:

	2023	2022
	€	€
Recognised in creditors:		
Deferred government grants due after more than one year	22,400	23,200
Recognised in other operating income:		
Government grants recognised directly in income	1,881,324	1,801,710
Government grants released to profit or loss	800	800
	1,882,124	1,802,510

The capital grant refers to an amount of €40,000 which was received by the company in 2002 from the HSE towards the cost of the building. The grant is being released to the income and expenditure account at the same rate as the premises is being depreciated.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

14. Events after the end of the reporting period

The company is due to receive a bequest. The amount of this bequest is €111,751, this was received in January 2024.

15. Ethical standards

In common with many other entities of our size and nature, we use our auditors to assist in the preparation of financial statements and to prepare and submit returns to the Companies Registration Office.

16. Controlling party

The company is a Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a share capital. Therefore, there is no controlling party.

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

17. Details of Grant and other information

3 Grants received - Circular 13 Requirements

Grant 1

Agency		HSE (Mid West / North West Finance System)
Sponsoring Government Dept		Department of Health
Grant Programme		PA and home support services.
Purpose of the Grant	- That people with disabilities achieve independent living and full participation in society.	
Total Grant		€1,833,724
	- Grant taken to income in the period	€1,833,724
	- The Cash received in the period	€1,833,724
	- Any grant amounts deferred or due at the period end	€0
Expenditure		€1,833,724
Term		Expires 31 December 2023
Received year end		31-December-2023
Capital Grant		Nil
Restriction on use		People with disabilities
Tax Clearance		Yes

Is it compliant with relevant Circulars, including Circular 44/2006, "Tax Clearance Procedures Grants, Sub sidies and Similar Type Payments"

Additional information to the Standard Employee Note in AFS

Employees	No of Employees
- Number of Employees whose Total employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) for the period, in excess of €60,000 as follows:	
Band €60,000 - €70,000	0
Band €70,000 - €80,000	0
- Overall figure for total employer pension contributions. (This applies even if salaries are not being funded by the Exchequer)	€0

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

18. Details of Grant and other information

3 Grants received - Circular 13 Requirements

Grant 2

Agency	HSE Mid West
Sponsoring Government Dept	Department of Health
Grant Programme	Pandemic payment HSE
Purpose of the Grant	- Payroll and wages
Total Grant	€47,600
	- Grant taken to income in the period
	€47,600
	- The Cash received in the period
	€47,600
	- Any grant amounts deferred or due
	at the period end
	€0
Expenditure	€47,600
Term	Expires 31 December 2023
Received year end	31-December-2023
Capital Grant	Nil
Restriction on use	Support for staff wages and operating costs.
Tax Clearance	Yes

Is it compliant with relevant Circulars, including Circular 44/2006, "Tax Clearance Procedures Grants, Sub sidies and Similar Type Payments"

Additional information to the Standard Employee Note in AFS

Employees	No of Employees
- Number of Employees whose	
Total employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs)	
for the period, in excess of €60,000 as follows:	
Band €60,000 - €70,000	0
Band €70,000 - €80,000	0
- Overall figure for total employer pension contributions.	€0
(This applies even if salaries are not being funded by the Exchequer)	

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

19.	Details of Grant and other information	
	3 Grants received - Circular 13 Requirements	
	<u>Grant 3</u>	
	Agency	HSE South Cork and Kerry
	Sponsoring Government Dept	Department of Health
	Grant Programme	HSE inflation support funding
	Purpose of the Grant	- Capital transport project
	Total Grant	€61,559
	- Grant taken to income in the period	€0
	- The Cash received in the period	€61,559
	- Any grant amounts deferred or due at the period end	€61,559
	Expenditure	€0
	Term	Expires 31 December 2024
	Received year end	31-December-2023
	Capital Grant	Yes
	Restriction on use	Purchase of bus
	Tax Clearance	Yes

Is it compliant with relevant Circulars, including Circular 44/2006, "Tax Clearance Procedures Grants, Sub sidies and Similar Type Payments"

Additional information to the Standard Employee Note in AFS

Employees	No of Employees
- Number of Employees whose Total employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) for the period, in excess of €60,000 as follows:	
Band €60,000 - €70,000	0
Band €70,000 - €80,000	0
- Overall figure for total employer pension contributions. (This applies even if salaries are not being funded by the Exchequer)	€0

West Limerick Independent Living CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 December 2023

20. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 25 July 2024.